

PRACTICAL

Section 10 – Answers

1. Why do you check the squelch?

If the squelch is set too high, you may not hear a weaker station.

2. Why do you do this sequence?

Too ensure you are not transmitting over the top of a current QSO (conversation)

3. If some one responded and said the frequency is in use, what should you do?

Acknowledge the station and move to a different frequency.

4. Why do you wait awhile before transmitting?

Allow time for any station to respond.

5. Do you always need to announce your call sign?

Yes. All transmissions must start and end with callsigns plus every 10 minutes during a conversation.