

Regulations Small Sample Questions

1. What is the lowest amateur band that can be used for pulse transmissions?

- (a) 241 GHz - 250 GHz
- (b) 3300 MHz - 3600 MHz
- (c) 1240 MHz - 1300 MHz
- (d) 420 MHz - 450 MHz

=====Answer-d

2. The lowest frequency band for Standard stations is:

- (a) 80m
- (b) 15m
- (c) 6m
- (d) 160m

=====Answer-a

3. The power limitation for the holder of a licence for an Advanced station is:

- (a) 400 watts pX above 50 MHz and 30 watts pX below 50 MHz
- (b) 400 watts pX on all permitted bands
- (c) 30 watts pX on all permitted bands
- (d) 30 watts pX above 50 MHz and 400 watts pX below 50 MHz

=====Answer-b

4. A neighbour complains you are causing TVI, but your TV set shows no problem. To help decide if your station is responsible for the interference, you should:

- (a) Operate only during daylight hours
- (b) Try turning the transmitter on and off rapidly for 10 minutes
- (c) Check whether or not the TVI occurs when your station is being operated
- (d) Check the antenna connections on your own TV set

=====Answer-c

5. The callsign suffix series RAA to RZZ mainly are used for?

- (a) Standard stations
- (b) Repeater stations only
- (c) Advanced stations
- (d) Repeater and Beacon Stations

=====Answer-d

6. A callsign issued for a special event of National or International importance could have the prefix:

- (a) AU
- (b) AX
- (c) VI
- (d) VE

=====Answer-b

7. A licence condition of all amateur repeater station is that:

- (a) A device be fitted preventing transmission in the absence of a received signal
- (b) Its power output is limited to 30 watts pY
- (c) It serves an area containing a minimum of 50 amateur stations
- (d) It is not co-sited with a commercial service

=====Answer-a

8. Amateur stations should be identified:

- (a) At the beginning of every transmission
- (b) At the beginning and end of a series of transmissions and at least every ten minutes
- (c) Twice when calling CQ
- (d) In the language of the country being contacted

=====Answer-b

9. The "Q" code QRQ is a request to:

- (a) Is used for emergency communications only
- (b) Is intended to maintain secrecy of communications
- (c) Increases the speed of communications and is universally understood
- (d) Is not used for Morse code transmissions

=====Answer-c

10. The “Q” code QRT is a request to:

- (a) Pass a message
- (b) Decrease power
- (c) Resume normal working
- (d) Stop sending

=====Answer-d

